

Információfeldolgozás „hivatalos puska”
2010. szeptember 27.

$$P(|x - \mu_x| \leq c\sigma_x) \geq 1 - \frac{1}{c^2} \quad (1)$$

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2\pi})^N |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}|^{1/2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_x)^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_x)}$$

$$\mathcal{E}\{x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4\} = \mathcal{E}\{x_1 x_2\} \mathcal{E}\{x_3 x_4\} + \mathcal{E}\{x_1 x_3\} \mathcal{E}\{x_2 x_4\} + \mathcal{E}\{x_1 x_4\} \mathcal{E}\{x_2 x_3\} - 2\mu_1 \mu_2 \mu_3 \mu_4 \quad (2)$$

$$\mathcal{E}\{\xi_1 | \xi_2 = y\} = \mu_1 + r_{12} \frac{\sigma_1}{\sigma_2} (y - \mu_2), \quad \text{var}\{\xi_1 | \xi_2 = y\} = \sigma_1^2 (1 - r_{12}^2) \quad (3)$$

$$\Phi_x(u) = \mathcal{E}\{e^{juu}\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{juu} dx, \quad \Phi_x(u) = e^{ju\mu - \frac{\sigma^2 u^2}{2}}, \quad \Phi_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{u}) = e^{j\mathbf{u}^T \boldsymbol{\mu} - \frac{\mathbf{u}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma} \mathbf{u}}{2}} \quad (4)$$

$$\mathcal{E}\{x^n\} = \frac{1}{j^n} \left. \frac{d^n \Phi_x(u)}{du^n} \right|_{u=0}, \quad \Phi_x(u) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha_n \frac{(ju)^n}{n!}, \quad \alpha_n = \mathcal{E}\{x^n\} \quad (5)$$

$$\chi_n^2 = z_1^2 + z_2^2 + \dots + z_n^2, \quad \mathcal{E}\{\chi_n^2\} = n, \quad \text{var}\{\chi_n^2\} = 2n, \quad f_{\chi_n^2}(x) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-x/2} \text{ ha } x > 0 \quad (6)$$

$$s^{*2} = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - n(\bar{x})^2 \right) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n-1} \chi_{n-1}^2 \quad (7)$$

$$\hat{y} = \hat{a}x + \hat{b}$$

$$\hat{a} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2} = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x^2}, \quad \hat{b} = \bar{y} - \hat{a}\bar{x}, \quad \hat{\rho}_{xy} = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x s_y} = \sqrt{\hat{a}_x \hat{a}_y} \quad (8)$$

$$\text{sinc}(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}, \quad \text{rect}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{ha } |x| < 0,5 \\ 0 & \text{egyébként} \end{cases} \quad (9)$$

$$w(t) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T} - 0,5\right) \quad W(f) = e^{-j\pi f T} T \text{sinc}(\pi f T) \quad (10)$$

$$H(f) = H_0 \text{rect}\left(\frac{f}{2B}\right) \quad R(\tau) = H_0 2B \text{sinc}(2\pi B \tau) \quad (11)$$

$$\text{var}\{\hat{\mu}_x\} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T \left(1 - \frac{|\tau|}{T}\right) C_x(\tau) d\tau \approx \frac{1}{T} S_{xc}(0) = \frac{\sigma^2}{2B_n T}, \quad B_n = \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} S_{xc}(f) df}{2S_{xc}(0)} \quad (12)$$

$$H(f) = \frac{1}{1 + j2\pi K f}, \quad \mathcal{E}\{\hat{\mu}_x(t)\} = \mu_x \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{T}}\right), \quad \text{var}\{\hat{\mu}_x(t)\} \approx \frac{\sigma^2}{4BK} \quad (13)$$

$$C(\tau) = \sigma^2 e^{-\frac{|\tau|}{K}}, \quad S_c(f) = \frac{\sigma^2 2K}{1 + (2\pi f K)^2} \quad (14)$$

$$\text{var}\{\hat{\Psi}_x^2\} = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T}^T \left(1 - \frac{|\tau|}{T}\right) (C_x^2(\tau) + 2\mu_x^2 C_2(\tau)) d\tau \approx \underbrace{\frac{2}{T} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} S_{xc}^2(f) df}_{\frac{\sigma^4}{B_s^4 T}} + \frac{4}{T} \mu_x^2 S_{xc}(0) \quad (15)$$

$$B_s = \frac{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} S_{xc}(f) df\right)^2}{2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} S_{xc}^2(f) df} \quad (16)$$

$$S_{xy}(f) = H(f) S_{xx}(f), \quad S_{yy}(f) = |H(f)|^2 S_{xx}(f) \quad (17)$$

$$\text{var}\{\hat{R}_{xy}(\tau)\} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T \left(1 - \frac{|u|}{T}\right) (C_x(u) C_y(u) + \mu_x^2 C_y(u) + \mu_y^2 C_x(u) + C_{xy}(\tau + u) C_{xy}(\tau - u) + \mu_x \mu_y (C_{xy}(\tau - u) + C_{xy}(\tau + u))) du \leq \text{var}\{\hat{\Psi}_x^2\} \quad (18)$$

$$\mathcal{E} \left\{ \hat{S}(f) \right\} = S(f) * W_B(f), \quad W_B(f) = T \operatorname{sinc}^2(\pi f T), \quad \operatorname{var} \left\{ \hat{S}(f) \right\} \approx S^2(f) \quad (19)$$

$$c(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta \left(\frac{t - i\Delta t}{\Delta t} \right) \quad \mathcal{F} \{ c(t) \} = C(f) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta \left(\left(f - \frac{k}{\Delta t} \right) \Delta t \right) \Delta t \quad (20)$$

$$X_m(f) = X(f) \star C(f) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} X \left(f - \frac{k}{\Delta t} \right) \quad x(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} x(i\Delta t) \operatorname{sinc} \left(\pi \left(\frac{t}{\Delta t} - i \right) \right) \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{E} \{ x \} &= \mathcal{E} \{ x_q \} \\ \mathcal{E} \{ x^2 \} &= \mathcal{E} \{ x_q^2 \} - \frac{q^2}{12} \\ \mathcal{E} \{ x^3 \} &= \mathcal{E} \{ x_q^3 \} - \mathcal{E} \{ x_q \} \frac{q^2}{4} \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

$$f_m < 3 \frac{x}{q} f_1, \quad f_m < 9 \frac{\sigma}{q} B, \quad f_m < K \frac{\mathcal{E} \{ |\dot{x}| \}}{q}, \quad K \approx 0.8 \dots 3 \quad (23)$$

$$X_k = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x_i e^{-j2\pi \frac{ki}{N}} = e^{-j\pi \frac{k^2}{N}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x_i e^{-j\pi \frac{i^2}{N}} \cdot e^{+j\pi \frac{(k-i)^2}{N}} \quad (24)$$

$$\mathcal{E} \left\{ \hat{R}_{xy}^c(\tau) \right\} \Big|_{\tau=i\Delta t} = \left(1 - \frac{i}{N} \right) R_{xy}(i\Delta t) + \frac{i}{N} R_{xy}((i-N)\Delta t) \quad 0 \leq i < N \quad (25)$$

$$\Phi_n(u) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \Phi_x(u + k\Psi) \operatorname{sinc} \left(\frac{q(u + k\Psi)}{2} \right) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \Phi_x(u + k \frac{2\pi}{q}) \operatorname{sinc} \left(\frac{qu}{2} + k\pi \right), \quad \Psi = \frac{2\pi}{q} \quad (26)$$

$$\hat{x}(n+1) = \frac{1}{n+1} \sum_{k=0}^n y(k) = \frac{n}{n+1} \hat{x}(n) + \frac{1}{n+1} y(n) = \hat{x}(n) + \frac{1}{n+1} [y(n) - \hat{x}(n)] \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\hat{x}(n+1) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{Q} \right) \hat{x}(n) + \frac{1}{Q} y(n) = \hat{x}(n+1) = \hat{x}(n) + \frac{1}{Q} [y(n) - \hat{x}(n)] \quad \text{ahol } Q > 1$$

$$\hat{x}(n+1) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=n-N+1}^n y(k) = \hat{x}(n) + \frac{1}{N} [y(n) - y(n-N)] \quad (27)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{\hat{X}(z)}{Y(z)} = \frac{1}{N} \underbrace{(z^{-1} + z^{-2} + \dots + z^{-N})}_{N \text{ tag}} \quad (28)$$

$$H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\omega T}} = \frac{1}{N} e^{-j\omega T} \frac{1 - e^{-jN\omega T}}{1 - e^{-j\omega T}} = \frac{1}{N} e^{-j\omega T(1 + \frac{N}{2} - \frac{1}{2})} \frac{\sin \frac{N}{2} \omega T}{\sin \frac{1}{2} \omega T} \quad (29)$$