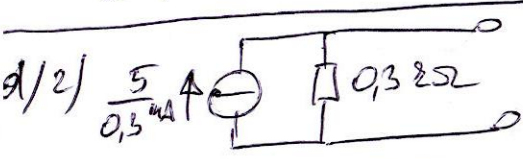


1. a) $I_3 = \alpha (I_1 + I_2)$ $0,5p$
 $U_1 = I_1 R + (I_1 + I_2 - I_3) R + (I_1 + I_2) 2R = 4R I_1 + 3R I_2 - \alpha (I_1 + I_2) R = (4 - \alpha) R I_1 + (3 - \alpha) R I_2$ $0,5p$
 $U_2 = I_2 R + (I_2 + I_1 - I_3) R + (I_1 + I_2) 2R = 3R I_1 + 4R I_2 - \alpha (I_1 + I_2) R = (3 - \alpha) R I_1 + (4 - \alpha) R I_2$ $0,5p$

b) $\underline{R} = R \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 4-\alpha & 3-\alpha \\ 3-\alpha & 4-\alpha \end{bmatrix}$ $4 \times 0,5p$

c) $R_{12} = R_{21}$; $R_{11} = R_{22} \rightarrow$ minden α -ra rec és szim. $0,5p$
~~...~~ $\alpha \leq 3,5$ -nél passzív $1,5p$

d) 1) $10 = 0,3 I_1 + 0,5 U_2$ $I_2 = -0,5 I_1 + 2,5 U_2$
 $U_2 = \phi$ $I_2 = -I_2$ $I_1 = 10/0,3$ $I_2 = \frac{-5}{0,3}$ $I_{r2} = \frac{5}{0,3} = 16,666 \text{ mA}$ $1p$
 $I_2 = \phi$ $0,5 I_1 = 2,5 U_2$ $10 = 1,5 U_2 + 0,5 U_2 = 2 U_2$ $U_2 = U_{aj} = 5 \text{ V}$ $1p$



2. a) $I_L \downarrow U_C \uparrow$ $1p$

b) $L i_L = C \ddot{u}_C R + U_C$; $\frac{L i_L}{2R} - i_S + i_L + C \ddot{u}_C = \phi$; $i = i_L + C \ddot{u}_C$ $2p$
 $\ddot{u}_C = \frac{-U_C}{3RC} - \frac{2}{3C} i_L + \frac{2}{3C} i_S$ $i_L = \frac{2}{3L} U_C - \frac{2R}{3L} i_L + \frac{2R}{3L} i_S$ $i = \frac{-U_C}{3L} + \frac{i_L}{3} + \frac{2}{3} i_S$ $2p$

c) $t = +\phi$ $x_1(+0) = \phi$ $x_2(+0) = \phi$ helyes párij! $y(+0) = 8$ $1,5p$
 $t \rightarrow \infty$ $0 = -5x_1 - 2x_2 + 2,4$ $1p$
 $0 = x_1 - 0,2x_2 + 2,4$ $1,5$ $5x_1 - x_2 + 12 = \phi$ $\Rightarrow x_2 = 12$
 $x_1(\infty) = \phi$ $x_2(\infty) = 12$ $y(\infty) = 12$ $3 \times 0,5p$

d) $(-5-\lambda)(-0,2-\lambda) + 2 = \phi$ $\lambda = \frac{-5,2 \pm \sqrt{27,04 - 12}}{2} = \begin{matrix} \rightarrow -0,6609 \frac{1}{ms} \\ \rightarrow -4,5391 \frac{1}{ms} \end{matrix}$ $2 \times 0,5p$

- k1) $U = \frac{U_0}{4}$
- k2) $P = \frac{320}{9} = 35,55 \text{ mW}$
- k3) $I = -2 \text{ A}$
- k4) $G_{be} = 0,9 \text{ mS}$
- k5) $P_{max} = 90 \text{ mW}$